

Kaufmann & Co.

Announce

A Sale of Fashionable Long White Gloves

comprising the approved styles for all summer dress occasions. Glove needs for the June bride and graduate have been provided for in this sale.

The best makes and kinds, of French Kid and Silk, 12, 16 and 20-button, at \$1.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00.

Main Floor.

Social and Personal

Miss Besse Jackson has returned to her home on Grove Avenue, after an absence of several months visiting friends in the West. Miss Jackson has been the guest of her aunt in Louisville, Ky., and later visited Miss Margaret Eaglesfield, in Indianapolis, Ind., for a month, where she was much entertained. Among the interesting affairs given in her honor was a dinner at which Mr. and Mrs. Robert Davy Eaglesfield were hosts. Mrs. Eaglesfield was formerly Miss Patti Hobson, of Virginia, and has just returned from a visit to relatives here.

There will be the usual evening dinners at the Country Club of Virginia to-night, and an orchestra playing for informal hop to follow. Tea will be served at small tables on the terrace in the afternoon, and a large number of tennis players will spend most of the day at the clubhouse.

Cards have been received in Richmond announcing the marriage of Miss Emily Stansbury Somerville, niece of Mrs. Joseph McLeister, to Archie Hanna Witt, the ceremony having taken place in Birmingham, Ala., on Wednesday of this week. After an extended wedding trip, Mr. and Mrs. Witt will make their home in Birmingham.

Pretty Luncheon.
One of the prettiest affairs of this week was the luncheon Thursday, at which Mrs. Samuel Walker Williams, of 2590 Grove Avenue, was hostess. It was given in honor of Mrs. Williams' cousin, Mrs. Mevrell Van Doren, formerly Miss Johnson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John N. Johnson, of Charlottesville. The luncheon table was set in pink and white sweet peas and candles shaded in rose color and covers were laid for eleven guests. Those present included Mrs. Van Doren, Mr. William Hodges Mann, Mrs. Richard Dunlop, Mrs. J. Van Doren, Mrs. B. O. James, Mrs. J. B. Dunn, Mrs. J. A. C. Chandler, Mrs. John N. Johnson, of Charlottesville, and Miss Louise Williams and Mrs. Williams.

Entertained in Honore.
Miss Audrey Davis entertained informally Thursday morning at 10:30 in honor of Misses Goez, Hunt, of Potomac, N. C.; Elizabeth Phillips, of St. Louis, Mo.; and Jane Simpson, of Richmond. The rooms were attractively decorated with flowers and Miss Davis was assisted in entertaining her guests by Mrs. A. A. Waldron. Luncheon was served the guests at noon. Miss Davis

Dunlop Flour

IT'S MADE IN RICHMOND

The Dunlop Mills, Richmond, Va.

Stiff

PIANOS

Players the finest made at makers' prices.

See Our 1913 Patterns of GO-CARTS

and CARRIAGES.

Rothert & Co.

Fourth and Broad.

Use Pratt's Astral Oil for Incubators.

N. Klein & Son, Inc.

3 East Broad.

Shades to Order

at Ryan-Smith's

The Low Profit Policy Store

THE FREED CO.

311 EAST BROAD STREET

REINACH, Inc.

107 E. BROAD STREET

MILLINERY—Women's and Misses' Outer Apparel.

HAVE YOU SEEN THE

New Method Gas Ranges

—AT—

PETTIT & CO.'S?

Dreyfus

"Specialists in Apparel for Women."

Broad at Second.

Corbin Crafford has returned to Rich-

mond, after spending a short time in Newport News.

Mrs. Clifford Hardin and her daughter have returned to their home, after visiting their cousin, Mrs. C. V. Donly, in Norfolk.

Mrs. Mark Peyer, who has been the recent guest of relatives in Newport News, has returned to Richmond.

FAIL TO AGREE ON LIQUOR LICENSE

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Alexandria, Va., June 6.—An interfect effort was made by President F. E. Marbury, of the Board of Alder men, and President R. D. Brumback, president of the Common Council, to compromise the amendments made to the annual liquor license bill.

The license was recently raised from \$150 to \$250, and afterwards restored to its original figures by the aldermen and the Common Council non-concurred in the report, sustaining the report of the committee. The matter, after a lengthy debate, was referred to the two foregoing, with a hope of reaching a compromise.

Mr. Marbury suggested a compromise raising the license from \$150 to \$200, and next year to \$300. The proposition of President Brumback was to raise it from \$150 to \$250 as originally provided, and next year to raise it \$50 more, bringing it up to \$300 next year. Being unable to get together on the matter, the conference ended.

Alexandria at present is without any set liquor licenses. The saloons will, however, continue to do business until the matter is finally settled by the City Council. Just what will be the outcome is problematical, as neither side appears to want to bulge one way or another.

It was suggested to-day that the matter be referred to the legislative candidates who will be voted on in the primary which will be held July 1, and that the City Council be governed by the vote of this matter, each being asked for his opinion. However, it is hardly probable that anything like this will be done.

Leaving for New York.
Judge Stern, of Jampol, Russia, after having paid a visit to his friends in Richmond, will sail shortly for New York and other Northern cities, to visit relatives. After spending several weeks there he will return to his home in Washington.

To Visit Washington.
Judge Stern, of Jampol, Russia, after having paid a visit to his friends in Richmond, will sail shortly for New York and other Northern cities, to visit relatives. After spending several weeks there he will return to his home in Washington.

Wedding at Crewe.
A pretty wedding was celebrated in the Methodist Episcopal Church at Crewe on Wednesday evening, when Miss Sarah Ottowa Vaughan was married to J. G. Matthews, of Blackville, S. C. It was a daisy wedding, and the church was decorated entirely in the field flowers and lighted candles. Miss C. Wilson played the wedding march, and Miss May O. Fore, of Lawyers, sang "Because I Love You, Dear," just before the entry of the bride party. The two little flower girls, Kathleen Newby and Elizabeth Smith, wore white chiton frocks, with yellow ribbons, and opened the smiles gates through which the bride and her attendants passed to the altar.

The bride entered the church with her mother, and was attended by her sister, Mrs. P. Boylston, of South Carolina, as matron of honor. The maid of honor was Miss Mary Lee Bridgeforth, of Kenbridge, and Little Virginia Boylston carried the ring. The bridesmaids were Misses Goez, Hunt, of Potomac, N. C.; Elizabeth Phillips, of St. Louis, Mo.; and Jane Simpson, of Richmond. The rooms were attractively decorated with flowers and Miss Davis was assisted in entertaining her guests by Mrs. A. A. Waldron. Luncheon was served the guests at noon. Miss Davis

Rich Hair
Long, thick, heavy hair. Want this kind? Ayer's Hair Vigor promotes growth. Does not color the hair.
Ask Your Doctor.
J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Our Gas Range

Leader

We have picked out our most popular seller, and in order to give the public the advantage of quality and price we have decided to make this range our leader, and have therefore made the price

Regular price of this range, \$25.

This is a five-burner range, has 16-inch oven, nickel trimmings. Height, 35 inches; size top, 22x34 inches.

Cash or Credit

Rutenberg, Talbot & Co., Inc.

207 W. Broad Street.

DETROIT GAS RANGES, ALASKA REFRIGERATORS, OLD HICKORY FURNITURE, SOLD ONLY BY

JURGENS

Children's Wash Dresses, 69c and 98c.

J. B. Mosby & Co.

The House of Fashion

Bernard Frances & Co.

Broad and Fifth Sts.

Hopkins Furniture Co.

7 West Broad St.

Cash or Credit.

Ladies' Tan Rubber Sole

Oxfords, \$2.25.

ALBERT STEIN

KING OF SHOES,

Corner 5th and Broad

The Velvet Hand

PURE ICE CREAM

Same Quality Every Day.

PURITY ICE CREAM

Monroe 1861.

IT'S ASKING TOO MUCH

of your cook to stand over a coal or wood range when you can obtain a New Process Gas Range so reasonably at

Sydnor & Hundley

EAT IT THREE TIMES DAILY.

ATMOR BREAD

AT ALL GROCERS.

THALHIMER'S
BROAD AND FIFTH STS.

Men to Wait on Men

Come to Our Men's Section To-Day

Visit this particular spot if you're anxious to get the most for the least. The difference between our prices and those at other places makes it all the more important why your buying should be done here. Every Saturday at Thalhimers is Men's Day, when the wants of men are supplied. Remember, this handy Men's Store is just a step inside the door.

Men's 30c Check Muslin Underwear, drawers knee length... 25c
Men's \$1.25 and \$1.50 Pajamas, in plain white, solid colors and fancy stripe patterns; sale price... 98c
50c Best Quality Bathing Gown Underwear, made of fine Egyptian cotton; sale price... 39c
Best Quality Peppercorn Jeans Drawers, with knitted insertion up the legs, slightly soiled; regular price 50c; sale price... 39c
Another shipment just received of those Fine 72c Peppercorn Shirts.

In the neat patterns and fast colors; sale price... 59c
Men's Silk Sox, with light thread sole; sale price... 25c
Men's All Pure Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs; sale price will be 10c; or for 50c
Cambric Night Robes, cut full and well made, low neck, for 50c
12 1/2c and 15c White and Fancy Madras Wash Ties; sale price 10c, or 3 for 25c
Men's 75c Cross Bar Underwear, drawers knee length; sale price... 50c

FOREIGN DIPLOMATS IMMUNE TO COURTS

Exempt From Jurisdiction of Tribunals of Country to Which They Are Accredited.

BY LA MARQUISE DE FONTENAY.

EVERY one is aware that foreign diplomats are exempt from the jurisdiction of the tribunals of the country to which they are accredited. But few realize that this immunity is so far-reaching that in the event of one of these diplomats losing his life through violence, the local authorities are debarred from making any inquiry as to whether or not his death is the result of a crime; that is to say, if forbidden to do so by the foreign mission to which the deceased belonged. An illustration of this has just been furnished in England.

One of the best known members of the diplomatic corps in London was Mr. J. G. de Sceda, Secretary of the Danish Legation and charge d'affaires of King Christian in England during the interval which elapsed between the departure of Minister Constantine Brin, now once more in the United States, and the arrival of his successor, M. Castenkiold. On Whit Sunday M. de Sceda disappeared. Notice was given to the English police, and relatives in Denmark were notified by telephone, and within a couple of hours the body was, on his demand, turned over to an undertaker of his choice, and prepared for shipment to Denmark. The envoy would not permit the body to be examined, nor any coroner's inquest to be held. He would not, in fact, tolerate the slightest investigation into the cause of the death, or the circumstances connected therewith, basing his refusal on the "black and white" matter on diplomatic extra-territorial prerogatives. The municipal authorities, the police and the Home Department, consulted the Foreign Office, but were all informed that they must have yielded to the Danish legation in the matter.

The result is that, so far as people in England are concerned, no one knows whether the unfortunate secretary of legation died by suicide, by drowning, whether he was murdered, or else stunned and then thrown into the river, whether he was robbed; in one word, whether his death was self-inflicted or the result of a crime by others.

The whole affair has created an extremely disagreeable impression in London, and there seems a very general disposition to criticize the Danish envoy, on the ground that he has been the very first to welcome a public investigation into what now remains an unpleasant mystery. In fact, even his foreign colleagues appear inclined to ask whether he has not put an undue strain upon the prerogatives of diplomacy, since it is contrary to public policy in this twentieth century that a foreign envoy should have it in his power to shield a possible murderer from the punishment of his crime, located where the victim happens to be attached to his legation or embassy.

In view of the widespread criticism that has been aroused by the publication of the paragraph of the revised naval regulations of Russia, insisting in the name of the czar that commanders of warships must sink their vessels rather than surrender them, it is well to call attention to the fact that in nearly every navy of the civilized world, a commanding officer who surrenders his craft in war to the enemy, renders himself, ipso facto, liable to court-martial with the almost certainty of being executed, if not death. Even in times of peace, a commander who loses his ship has to face a court-martial, and is looked upon as under a cloud, until exonerated of all blame and responsibility.

The czar's order has been described editorially in America as incompatible with all these rules, and for their rigid enforcement, an officer might very well consider himself bound by considerations of humanity, wholly incompatible with war, rather than by his duty to his flag, which requires that he should fight to the very last.

English military law is very severe about surrenders, and the existing army act, Section 5, prescribes heavy penalties for any one "who is taken prisoner by want of due precaution, or through disobedience of orders, or willful neglect of duty." Napoleon I., when he took over the command of the French army of Italy, in 1796, issued an order forbidding any one in the army to lay down his arms, on pain of incurring the death penalty, one sentence running, "generals, officers and soldiers who in battle have saved their lives by capitulating will be shot down. Both he who orders the surrender and those who obey the order are traitors alike, and deserve capital punishment."

The Russian General Steessel, who surrendered Port Arthur to the Japanese after a prolonged siege, was sentenced to death on return from captivity to Russia at the close of the war, his sentence being commuted at the last moment by the czar to imprisonment in the Field Marshal's Palace.

was also sentenced to death by a French court-martial, presided by the late Duc d'Aumale, at Versailles, for having surrendered Metz to the Germans in 1870, his sentence being commuted to life-long imprisonment by

Marshal MacMahon, then President of the republic.

In the Crimean battles of Balaklava and Inkerman, sanguinary engagements each of them, the allies lost but fifteen prisoners, and yet these figures caused so much feeling that the high court found it expedient to explain that though the captured men were unwounded, their horses had been shot under them before they surrendered.

Nowadays the surrender of so small a number of soldiers and officers to the enemy in war would be thought hardly worth reporting. Surrenders are by the thousand, notwithstanding that the surrender of every unwounded man is, according to military regulations, something more than a breach of regulations, an actual crime.

Under the circumstances, there is no reason for holding the czar up to rebuke in connection with the publication of the paragraph of his naval regulations prescribing that commanders of his warships should sink their craft rather than surrender to the enemy.

Baron Paterno, the Sicilian noble of ancient lineage, and smart cavalry officer of a crack Italian regiment, was killed in the year of having murdered the beautiful Princess Julia Trigona, dame du palais of Queen Helena, in a fourth-class hotel near the railroad station in Rome, is now in solitary confinement in the great penitentiary of Portofino, on the island of Elba, where he recently attempted to commit suicide by cutting his jugular vein with a piece of glass, which he had in some way or other managed to procure. According to all accounts, he has now been overtaken by that hopeless insanity which is the fate of all those who, owing to the abolition of capital punishment in Italy, have been sentenced for murder to solitary confinement for life.

My only reason for referring to him is that the Roman papers have recently been publishing a number of poems which he composed after his conviction, while still detained in the great penitentiary of Portofino, and which, before his deportation to the island of Elba. Most of the verses are addressed to his victim, whose picture, cut from an illustrated newspaper, adorned his cell, and seemed to serve him as an inspiration, while the remainder of his poetical lucubrations are of a patriotic order, deploring that he was not able to ride to death for his King and his Fatherland, at the head of his squadron of cavalry in the war against Turkey, in Tripoli.

In none of the poems does he seem to appreciate the shocking character of his brutal crime, which he perpetrated solely and alone because, having ruined the unfortunate princess financially, she was no longer able to satisfy his constant demands for money, and satisfy his extravagances at the gambling table. In fact, the verses seemed to indicate that he looks upon himself as the victim in the affair—as the victim of inexorable fate.

It is Queen Helena who is bringing up at her own expense and under her immediate care the two young daughters of the princess, whose husband was shown at the trial of Paterno to be utterly unworthy of any consideration. For he had half ruined the princess himself before the wreck of her fortune of cavalry in the war against Turkey, in Tripoli.

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This Store Closes

5 P. M.

Saturdays, 1 P. M.

June, July, August.

Rountree-Sutherland

Cherry Corporation

111-113-115 W. Broad.

Quality Furniture at Lowest

Prices.

CASH OR CREDIT.

The Latest in Ice Cream and Cakes from

Shepherd's

New Factory

2008 W. Broad St. Call Mad. 7148

BIRTHDAY RINGS,

BRACELETS,

CAMEO BROOCHES.

Smith & Webster

805 East Main.

NO CHANGE CUSTOMS SERVICE

Democrats Likely to Hold Up

Taft Order That Wiped Out

116 Fat Jobs.

KEEP RICHMOND REAL PORT

If McAdoo Plan Is Approved by

Congress Collector Will Stay

in Charge Here.

News from Washington of Secretary McAdoo's interference in the redistribution of the United States customs ports continuing Collector B. B. Arnold in the last Congress and President Taft to take effect on July 1, has given ground for the belief in the Federal Building that the proposed abolition of 116 fat jobs, in the shape of collectorships, will never be effected by this administration. On the secretary's recommendation, the Senate Commerce Committee on Thursday voted to report a bill to defer until January 1, 1914, the proposed reorganization.

It is taken for granted that the committee's recommendation will be adopted by Congress, and the redistributing and reorganization put off another six months. In the Richmond district this arrangement will have the effect of continuing Collector B. B. Arnold in office until January 1, 1914. He had prepared to resign on July 1, and his office was impatiently awaiting the appointment of the deputy collector who was scheduled to succeed him under the scheme of reorganization. If Mr. Arnold is allowed to continue in office until January 1, 1914, it is probable that the Democratic administration will be dropped to a port of entry, which expires March 1, 1914.

If the reorganization of the customs ports is carried out, the port of Richmond will be dropped to a port of entry, which expires March 1, 1914.

With only a deputy collector in Richmond, the year 1913-1914 collected twice the combined collections of all other Virginia ports, Norfolk, Petersburg, Newport News and Portsmouth included. Collector of Customs Floyd Hughes, Norfolk, has been announced under the reorganization scheme as the collector for the district of Virginia. He will have deputies at Richmond, Petersburg, Norfolk, Newport News, Portsmouth and other seaports.

Deputy Collector Here.
John E. Lowery, special deputy collector at Norfolk, has been recently named by Collector Hughes as deputy collector in charge of the port of Norfolk when the reorganization takes effect. While there is no little speculation as to who will be placed in charge of the port of Richmond by Collector Hughes, it is generally understood that Special Deputy W. G. Smith, who has served under Collector Arnold, will be given this honor.

The year 1913-1914 collected twice the combined collections of all other Virginia ports, Norfolk, Petersburg, Newport News and Portsmouth included. Collector of Customs Floyd Hughes, Norfolk, has been announced under the reorganization scheme as the collector for the district of Virginia. He will have deputies at Richmond, Petersburg, Norfolk, Newport News, Portsmouth and other seaports.

Cities similarly situated as Richmond, being reduced in rank from full ports to ports of entry, the collector at other ports, such as the Chamber of Commerce and commercial bodies of many cities have entered vigorous protest against the proposed scheme. In the case of Richmond, the last has been heard of the redistricting; that Congress will first defer the day from July 1 to January 1, 1914, and then determine that it is better deferred forever.

RICHMOND BOARD SHARPLY RAPPED

(Continued From First Page.)

amined were explained to the Administrative Board in secret session, without the advice of the City Engineer, and notwithstanding the published advertisement, no award of prizes has been made.

Gives Full Record.
The Engineering News gives the full record, having sent a staff representative to Richmond on May 19, to investigate the situation. It shows that on January 30, 1913, there was inserted in the Engineering News and in other technical journals, and in the daily papers, an advertisement signed by Robert Whittey, Jr., chairman of the board, inviting competitive plans for a reinforced concrete bridge on the site of the present Free Bridge, from Ninth and Byrd Streets to Semmes Street, to be received on April 15 at noon. For the first or accepted design a premium of \$1,500 was offered. For the second best design a premium of \$500 was offered. There is no record that the City Council has ever authorized the Administrative Board to invite such plans or to incur this expense, and no appropriation for the prizes has been made. To such engineers as were sufficiently attracted by the advertisement to ask for further information, there was sent by City Engineer Charles H. May a blue print showing the location of the proposed bridge, with its measurements, and a schedule of the requirements as to width of roadway, load, street car tonnage, water and gas mains, fresh water and approximate surface of rock bottom of the river. The Engineering News says that twenty-seven designs were submitted, some of them from the Byrd Streets concrete bridge designers in the United States, the plans varying from full sets of working drawings to simple blue prints outlining the salient features.

Some Given Hearings.
The article says: "The above notices were the only official ones which were publicly given to interested parties. Certain of the competitors, however, had learned by personal inquiry, and not from any general announcement, that the board would consent to hear the plea of any competitor who might choose to present orally the virtues of his design. Such engineers, however, number of nearly a dozen appeared before the board and its adviser, a member of a local architectural and engineering firm, and for three days the board heard their representations, apparently allowing each one as long a time as he considered necessary. After this the interest of the board in the bridge matter was temporarily exhausted, and no further consideration was given the matter for some time. On May 9 a representative of Engineering News was shown a great number of the designs, and was permitted to study the side of the mail coverings in which they were sent. At the time of this

Gold and Silver Novelties

Whatever the occasion, we have the most suitable gift.

Articles which come from the Schwarzschild Store have a double appreciation. They bear the stamp of quality and good taste.

Schwarzschild Bros.

Richmond's Leading Jewelers.

Second and Broad Sts.

writing (May 27) the award has not been made. Such, in brief, is the outline of one of the most flagrant examples of a fair competition, and that no provision was made for a competent examining body to pass on the designs submitted, the editorial continues:

Need of Expert Advice.
"The examining body should preferably be a board of engineers who will act as a jury to report to the political body which has the matter in charge. If this is not feasible, at least there should be a competent engineering adviser. Just why a body of elected officials, no one of whom has probably had any architectural or engineering experience, should be supposed to be able to decide which one of twenty-seven designs is the proper one, is beyond comprehension. In the Richmond case there was an engineer adviser, and one member of the board who happened to be an engineer, but the deliberations of the board were not open to public notice, we have no way of knowing how far the advice of these gentlemen governed the final decision. At any rate, the engineer, who acted as adviser is a young man of somewhat limited experience, whose services would hardly qualify him as the final authority in the acceptance of the design, which will cost between \$500,000 and \$700,000. On account of certain local political considerations the City Engineer had no connection with the program beyond the preparation of the program given above. In the Richmond case there is no suspicion whatever thrown upon the integrity of the members of the board or of any of the engineers who presented themselves to end their design. There are occasions, however, when ignorance can do more harm than an evil intent. It is safe to say that the total sum expended by engineers on competition at Richmond will amount to \$20,000. Of this amount \$15,000 was paid to the winning design, and the remaining \$5,000 represents loss by engineers—sheer economic waste."

ILL-TREATED WIFE HONORED BY QUEEN

(Continued From First Page.)

was Jean Reid, daughter of the late American ambassador.

It was whispered at the ball that Queen Mary would publicly espouse the cause of the Duchess of Westminster at the first opportunity. Lady Paget emerged from the Versailles fete covered with glory. The arrangement of the French court was perfect, as well as the effect secured by the costuming. Queen Mary complimented her personal, saying: "Lady Paget, you have the gift of organizing better than almost any one else in England."

V. V.'s Eyes.

By Henry Sydnor Harrison,